Dataset IIIa: 4-class EEG data

Group Information:

Department of Biomedical Engineering Tsinghua University Beijing, 100084, P. R. China Team Director: GAO Xiaorong, Ph.D. (<u>gxr-dea@tsinghua.edu.cn</u>) Team Member: WU Wei, WANG Ruiping Supervisor: YANG Fusheng

Processing Techniques:

- 1) Apply surface Laplacian to the raw EEG signals of the three subjects to improve spatial details.
- 2) Filter the re-referenced signals in an 8-30 Hz band with a causal linear IIR band-pass filter, in order to obtain ERD (Event-Related Desynchronization) signals.
- 3) Use OVR (One-Versus-the-Rest) algorithm [1], which is an extension of CSP (Common Spatial Patterns) algorithm to multi-class case, to extract features related to the four tasks.
- Combine support vector machine, k-nearest neighbor classifier, and a normal densities based linear classifier to classify [2]. For different time points, different classifiers are adopted to obtain continuous classification outputs.
- 5) Use a technique named bagging [3] to get the final results.

Data Format:

We have down-sampled the continuous classification outputs for the three subjects from the original sampling rate of 250 Hz to 10 Hz. Consequently, there are 70 outputs for each class in a single trial and 2 outputs for each class in each 0.2s-segment.

Results for the three subjects are saved in three Matlab-format files, respectively:

Tsinghua_k3b.mat, Tsinghua_l1b.mat, and Tsinghua_k6b.mat.

Each file contains the following variables:

tsd: continuous classification outputs for the whole dataset. Its size is $N \times M$, where N is the total number of time points for all trials and M is the number of classes. In our case, M=4. For subject k3b, N=360×70; For subject 11b and k6b, N=240×70.

trig: trigger time points for the whole dataset.

Fs: sampling rate. In our case, **Fs**=10.

These three variables can be evaluated by the function **bci4eval.m** in BIOSIG toolbox:

X=bci4eval(tsd, trig(testset), classlabel(testset), 0, (7*Fs-1), Fs)

References:

- [1] Wei Wu, Xiaorong Gao, and Shangkai Gao, "One-Versus-the-Rest (OVR) algorithm: an extension of Common Spatial Patterns (CSP) algorithm to multi-class case," submitted to *IEEE EMBS Conf.*, Shanghai, China, 2005.
- [2] J. Kittler, M. Hatef, R. Duin, and J. Matas, "On combining classifiers," *IEEE Trans. Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence*, vol. 20, pp. 226-239, 1998.
- [3] Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, and David G. Stork, *Pattern Classification*, second ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., pp. 475-476, 2001.